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7	California Insurance Companies, National Association of Mutual Insurance Companies, and	
8	Pacific Association of Domestic Insurance Companies	
9		THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10	FOR THE COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO	
11	FOR THE COUR	NIY OF SACRAMENIO
12		
13	MERCURY CASUALTY COMPANY,	Case No. 34-2013-80001426 Assigned to: Hon. Eugene L. Balonon, Dept. 14
14	Petitioner and Plaintiff,	MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF EX
15	v.	PARTE APPLICATION FOR AN ORDER SHORTENING TIME FOR HEARING ON
	DAVE JONES, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY AS THE INSURANCE	MOTION FOR LEAVE TO INTERVENE
16	COMMISSIONER OF THE STATE OF	(Cal. Rules of Court, Rule 3.1200 et seq. and
17	CALIFORNIA,	Rule 3.1300(b))
18	Respondent and Defendant.	Date: May 3, 2013 Time: 10:00 a.m.
19		Dept.: 14
20		Action Filed: March 1, 2013
21		
22	CONSUMER WATCHDOG,	
23	Intervenor.	
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MEM IN SUPPORT OF EX PARTE APPLN FOR ORDER SHORTENING TIME, CASE NO. 34-2013-80001426

LLP

ATTORNEYS AT LAW PALO ALTO HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP ATTORNEYS AT LAW PALO ALTO Concurrent with this *Ex Parte* Application for an Order Shortening Time (the "Application"), the Personal Insurance Federation of California¹ ("PIFC"), American Insurance Association ("AIA"), Property Casualty Insurers Association of America dba Association of California Insurance Companies ("PCI/ACIC"), National Association of Mutual Insurance Companies ("NAMIC"), and Pacific Association of Domestic Insurance Companies ("PADIC") (collectively the "Trades") have filed a motion to intervene in this pending writ action (the "Motion"). Mercury Casualty Company ("Mercury") initiated this writ action through the filing of its Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate And Complaint for Declaratory Relief and Injunctive Relief (the "Petition"), which raises several issues of constitutional law and regulatory construction and application arising from the Insurance Commissioner's February 11, 2013 Order Adopting Proposed Decision in In the Matter of the Rate Application of Mercury Casualty Company, CDI File No. PA-2009-00009 (the "Order" or the "Commissioner's Order").

The Trades represent the majority of the insurers in this state subject to Proposition 103. As fully set forth in the Motion and its accompanying Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the determination of these constitutional and regulatory issues is of vital interest to all insurers operating in California subject to Proposition 103 ratemaking and who will be bound by the determinations of this Court in this proceeding. The Trades and their members have made an affirmative effort to coordinate in intervening in this action to avoid multiple interventions, thereby allowing the action to proceed efficiently.

The Motion seeking intervention has been timely filed, however the Court's next available hearing date for a noticed motion is not until September, 2013. Delaying hearing on the Motion for over four months is not feasible, and will work to either exclude the Trades from briefing and hearing on the Petition or will prejudice all parties by forcing a significant delay in the resolution of substantive issues until the Motion is heard. To avoid such harm, the Trades filed this *Ex Parte* Application seeking expedited hearing on the Motion in accordance with California Rule of

As a matter of candor, PIFC discloses that Mercury is one of its members. Mercury, however, is involved in this action to represent its own rights as to the specific rate order issued by the Commissioner. It does not appear in a representative capacity on behalf of PIFC or its fellow PIFC members.

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Court 3.1300(b). The Trades respectfully submit that good cause exists to expedite hearing on the Motion and request that the Court grant the *Ex Parte* Application.

Rule of Court 3.1300(b) provides that on an application for an order shortening time, supported by a declaration showing good cause, the Court may shorten the time for filing and service of papers.² In this context, "'The concept of good cause . . . calls for a factual exposition of a reasonable ground for the sought order. The good cause may be equated to a good reason for a party's failure to perform that specific requirement from which [the party] seeks to be excused." *Roberts v. Regents of the University of California*, No. A098983, 2003 WL 21235535, at *2 (Cal. Ct. App. May 28, 2003) (quoting *Waters v. Superior Court*, 58 Cal. 2d 885 (1962)). Here, the Trades seek relief from a September hearing on the Motion, which, though the Motion was timely filed, is the first available date for a hearing under the Court's noticed motions procedure.

Delaying hearing on the Motion for over four months creates a multitude of avoidable problems. The briefing schedule and hearing on the Petition have not yet been set. Delaying hearing on the Motion will force a similar delay for briefing and hearing on the Petition. If intervention is granted, then the Trades will be entitled to participate in setting the briefing schedule and filing briefs on the substantive issues raised by the Petition. While it is possible for the Court to set a briefing schedule prior to hearing the Motion, it would be unfair to the Trades and the other parties to force briefing to begin without resolution on the Trades' status. If the Motion is granted then the Trades are entitled to fully participate in briefing and hearing on the Petition and other parties are entitled to time to consider and respond to the positions taken by the Trades in briefing and the hearing.

Expediting hearing on the Motion will eliminate unnecessary uncertainty as to the parties to this action that are entitled to participate going forward. The Court will be able to move

This Rule 3.1300(b) Application for an Order Shortening Time has been styled as an ex parte Application to enable the Court to consider this request on an expedited basis. In accordance with Rule 3.1300(b), the Trades have submitted the Declaration of Vanessa O. Wells stating good cause for granting the Application. This Memorandum is submitted out of an abundance of caution to ensure compliance with Rule 3.1201 governing ex parte applications.

forward by setting a briefing schedule and hearing date on the Petition that is inclusive of all the 1 2 3 4 problems for the Court and the current parties. 5 6 7 with the Court's schedule. 8 Dated: April 26, 2013 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

parties and eliminates any need for delay in briefing or the hearing while the Motion is pending. Waiting until September to hear the Motion will inevitably cause delay or create administrative

For these reasons, good cause exists to grant the Ex Parte Application for an Order Shortening Time and to set the Motion for hearing on a date as soon as practicable in accordance

Respectfully submitted,

HOGAN LOVELLS US LLP

Attorneys for Proposed Intervenors Personal Insurance Federation of California, American Insurance Association, Property Casualty Insurers Association of America dba Association of California Insurance Companies, National Association of Mutual Insurance Companies, and Pacific Association of Domestic Insurance Companies

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